Department of Higher Education University of Computer Studies, Yangon Third Year (B.C.Tech.) Final Examination Microprocessor Architecture and Interfacing (CT 306) October, 2018

Answer all questions.

Time allowed: 3 hours

(10 marks)

- 1(a)(i) Identify appropriate control signals that are generated at the output of 2-to-4 decoder in Figure 1(a)(i).
 - (ii) Explain why the number of output ports in the peripheral-mapped I/O is restricted to 256 ports. If an output and input port can have the same 8-bits address, how does the 8085 differentiate between the ports? Specify the two signals that are used to latch data in an output port. (10 marks)
 - (b) Instruction byte 4FH (MOV C,A) is being fetched from the memory location 2005H. Illustrate the timing of data flow. (10 marks)



- **2(a)(i)** Identify the port addresses in Figure 2(a)(i). Is it partial or absolute decoding?
 - (ii) If the switch S7 of the input PORT0 in Figure 2(a)(ii) connected to the data line D_7 is at logic 1 and other switches are at logic 0, specify the contents of the accumulator when the instruction **IN PORT0** is executed. Which instruction is used to display the value of accumulator.



- (b)(i) Which logics can be used to setting and resetting the specific bits. How are they operated them?
 - (ii) Write instructions to
 - 1) Load the data byte 7FH in register B and 82H in register C,
 - 2) Mask the high-order bits $(D_7 D_4)$ from both the data bytes,
 - 3) Exclusive-OR the low-order bits $(D_3 D_0)$,
 - 4) Display the answer.

Specify the answer you would expect at the output port.

3(a) A set of eight data bytes is stored in memory locations starting at 2055H. Check each data byte for bits D7. If D7 is 1, reject the data byte; otherwise, store the data bytes at memory locations starting at 2070H.

(10 marks)

- (b)(i) What are the three types of D/A converters? Calculate the values of the LSB, MSB, and full scale output for an 8-bit DAC for the 0 to 10V range.
 - (ii) Calculate the decimal value in the accumulator before and after the Rotate instructions are executed, and explain the mathematical functions performed by the instructions.

MVI A,78H RRC (10 marks)RRC

4 (a) Write a program to count from 0 to 20H with a delay of 100ms between each count. After the count 20H, the counter should reset itself and repeat the sequence. Use register pair DE as a delay register. Show your calculations to set up the 100ms delay. (10 marks)

(b)(i) Which instructions are used in stack pointer for putting a data and extracting a data?

- (ii) Write a program to meet the following specifications and specify the stack locations and their contents after execution of the instructions
 - 1) Initialize the stack pointer register at 20FFH.
 - 2) Load register pairs B,D, and H with data 3702H, 4212H, and 8740H, respectively.
 - 3) Call subroutine
 - 4) Push the contents of the register pairs B, D, and H on the stack
 - 5) Pop the contents of the register pairs.
- Two digit BCD number is stored in memory location 4200H. Unpack the BCD number and 5 (a) store the two digits in memory locations 4300H and 4301H such that memory location 4300H will have lower BCD digit. (10 marks)
 - (b)(i) List four instructions which control the interrupt structure of the 8085 microprocessor.
 - (ii) Write instructions to reset RST 7.5. Assume the RST 5.5 and RST 7.5 are enabled and the interrupt process is disabled.

(10 marks)

(10 marks)